## **IN THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1-35 (Canceled)

36. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a display device comprising the steps of: forming a thin film transistor over a substrate;

forming a pixel electrode electrically connected to the thin film transistor;

forming a film on the pixel electrode;

forming a body with a textured surface on the pixel electrode by a photolithography of the film; and

forming a light reflection film on the body with the textured surface.

- 37. (Previously presented). A method according to claim 36, wherein the pixel electrode comprises at least one of Al and Ag.
- 38. (Previously presented). A method according to claim 36, wherein the body with the textured surface comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of SiO<sub>2</sub>, MgF<sub>2</sub>, Na<sub>3</sub>AlF<sub>6</sub>, an acrylic resin, and polyimide.
- 39. (Previously presented). A method according to claim 36, wherein the body with the textured surface has an uneven portion of 1 μm or less in height on the surface.
  - 40. (Previously presented). A method according to claim 36, wherein the light reflection film

comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of TiO<sub>2</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, ZnS, ZnSe, ZnTe, Si, Ge, Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, and Indium Tin Oxide.

- 41. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 36, wherein the display device is a reflection type liquid crystal display device.
- 42. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 36, wherein the display device is incorporated in at least one selected from the group consisting of a portable telephone, a video camera, a mobile computer, a head mount display, projector, a personal computer, a goggle type display, a player apparatus, and a digital camera.
  - 43.( Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a display device comprising the steps of: forming a thin film transistor over a substrate;

forming a pixel electrode electrically connected to the thin film transistor; and having a flat surface;

## forming a film on the pixel electrode;

forming a body with a textured surface on the pixel electrode by a photolithography of the film; forming a light reflection film on the body with the textured surface; and flattening a surface of the light reflection film by a CMP process.

44. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 43, wherein the pixel electrode comprises at least one of Al and Ag.

- 45. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 43, wherein the body with the textured surface comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of SiO<sub>2</sub>, MgF<sub>2</sub>, Na<sub>3</sub>AlF<sub>6</sub>, an acrylic resin, and polyimide.
- 46. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 43, wherein the body with the textured surface has an uneven portion of 1 μm or less in height on the surface.
- 47. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 43, wherein the light reflection film comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of TiO<sub>2</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, ZnS, ZnSe, ZnTe, Si, Ge, Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, and Indium Tin Oxide.
- 48. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 43, wherein the display device is a reflection type liquid crystal display device.
- 49. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 43, wherein the display device is incorporated in at least one selected from the group consisting of a portable telephone, a video camera, a mobile computer, a head mount display, projector, a personal computer, a goggle type display, a player apparatus, and a digital camera.
  - 50.( Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a display device comprising the steps of: forming a thin film transistor over a substrate;

forming a pixel electrode electrically connected to the thin film transistor;

forming a film on the pixel electrode;

forming a body with a textured surface on the pixel electrode by a photolithography of the film; and

forming a light reflection film on the body with the textured surface,

wherein the light reflection film has a higher refractive index than the body with the textured surface.

- 51. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 50, wherein the pixel electrode comprises at least one of Al and Ag.
- 52. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 50, wherein the body with the textured surface comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of SiO<sub>2</sub>, MgF<sub>2</sub>, Na<sub>3</sub>AlF<sub>6</sub>, an acrylic resin, and polyimide.
- 53. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 50, wherein the body with the textured surface has an uneven portion of 1 μm or less in height on the surface.
- 54. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 50, wherein the light reflection film comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of TiO<sub>2</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, ZnS, ZnSe, ZnTe, Si, Ge, Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, and Indium Tin Oxide.
- 55. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 50, wherein the display device is a reflection type liquid crystal display device.

56. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 50, wherein the display device is incorporated in at least one selected from the group consisting of a portable telephone, a video camera, a mobile computer, a head mount display, projector, a personal computer, a goggle type display, a player apparatus, and a digital camera.

57.( Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a display device comprising the steps of: forming an insulated gate field effect transistor on a semiconductor substrate;

forming a pixel electrode electrically connected to the insulated gate filed effect transistor; forming a film on the pixel electrode;

forming a body with a textured surface on the pixel electrode by a photolithography of the film; and

forming a light reflection film on the body with the textured surface.

- 58. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 57, wherein the pixel electrode comprises at least one of Al and Ag.
- 59. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 57, wherein the body with the textured surface comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of SiO<sub>2</sub>, MgF<sub>2</sub>, Na<sub>3</sub>AlF<sub>6</sub>, an acrylic resin, and polyimide.
- 60. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 57, wherein the body with the textured surface has an uneven portion of 1 μm or less in height on the surface.

- 61. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 57, wherein the light reflection film comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of TiO<sub>2</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, ZnS, ZnSe, ZnTe, Si, Ge, Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, and Indium Tin Oxide.
- 62. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 57, wherein the display device is a reflection type liquid crystal display device.
- 63. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 57, wherein the display device is incorporated in at least one selected from the group consisting of a portable telephone, a video camera, a mobile computer, a head mount display, projector, a personal computer, a goggle type display, a player apparatus, and a digital camera.
  - 64.( Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a display device comprising the steps of: forming an insulated gate field effect transistor on a semiconductor substrate;

forming a pixel electrode electrically connected to the insulated gate field effect transistor; and having a flat surface;

## forming a film on the pixel electrode;

forming a body with a textured surface on the pixel electrode by a photolithography of the film; forming a light reflection film on the body with the textured surface; and flattening a surface of the light reflection film by a CMP process.

65. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 64, wherein the pixel electrode comprises at least one of Al and Ag.

- 66. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 64, wherein the body with the textured surface comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of SiO<sub>2</sub>, MgF<sub>2</sub>, Na<sub>3</sub>AlF<sub>6</sub>, an acrylic resin, and polyimide.
- 67. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 64, wherein the body with the textured surface has an uneven portion of 1 μm or less in height on the surface.
- 68. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 64, wherein the light reflection film comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of TiO<sub>2</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, ZnS, ZnSe, ZnTe, Si, Ge, Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, and Indium Tin Oxide.
- 69. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 64, wherein the display device is a reflection type liquid crystal display device.
- 70. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 64, wherein the display device is incorporated in at least one selected from the group consisting of a portable telephone, a video camera, a mobile computer, a head mount display, projector, a personal computer, a goggle type display, a player apparatus, and a digital camera.
  - 71.(Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a display device comprising the steps of: forming an insulated gate field effect transistor on a semiconductor substrate; forming a pixel electrode electrically connected to the insulated gate field effect transistor;

## forming a film on the pixel electrode;

forming a body with a textured surface on the pixel electrode by a photolithography of the film; and

forming a light reflection film on the body with the textured surface,

wherein the light reflection film has a higher refractive index than the body with the textured surface.

- 72. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 71, wherein the pixel electrode comprises at least one of Al and Ag.
- 73. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 71, wherein the body with the textured surface comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of SiO<sub>2</sub>, MgF<sub>2</sub>, Na<sub>3</sub>AlF<sub>6</sub>, an acrylic resin, and polyimide.
- 74. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 71, wherein the body with the textured surface has an uneven portion of 1 µm or less in height on the surface.
- 75. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 71, wherein the light reflection film comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of TiO<sub>2</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, ZnS, ZnSe, ZnTe, Si, Ge, Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, and Indium Tin Oxide.
- 76. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 71, wherein the display device is a reflection type liquid crystal display device.

77. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 71, wherein the display device is incorporated in at least one selected from the group consisting of a portable telephone, a video camera, a mobile computer, a head mount display, projector, a personal computer, a goggle type display, a player apparatus, and a digital camera.

78.(Previously Presented) A method according to claim 36, wherein the light reflection film is formed by one selected from the group consisting of a sputtering method, a coating method, and a vacuum evaporation method.

79.(Previously Presented) A method according to claim 43, wherein the light reflection film is formed by one selected from the group consisting of a sputtering method, a coating method, and a vacuum evaporation method.

80.(Previously Presented) A method according to claim 50, wherein the light reflection film is formed by one selected from the group consisting of a sputtering method, a coating method, and a vacuum evaporation method.

81.(Previously Presented) A method according to claim 57, wherein the light reflection film is formed by one selected from the group consisting of a sputtering method, a coating method, and a vacuum evaporation method.

82.(Previously Presented) A method according to claim 64, wherein the light reflection film is

formed by one selected from the group consisting of a sputtering method, a coating method, and a vacuum evaporation method.

83.(Previously Presented) A method according to claim 71, wherein the light reflection film is formed by one selected from the group consisting of a sputtering method, a coating method, and a vacuum evaporation method.

84.(New) A method according to claim 36, further comprises a step of heat treatment for leveling an uneven portion of the body with the textured surface.

85.(New) A method according to claim 43, further comprises a step of heat treatment for leveling an uneven portion of the body with the textured surface.

86.(New) A method according to claim 50, further comprises a step of heat treatment for leveling an uneven portion of the body with the textured surface.

87.(New) A method according to claim 57, further comprises a step of heat treatment for leveling an uneven portion of the body with the textured surface.

88.(New) A method according to claim 64, further comprises a step of heat treatment for leveling an uneven portion of the body with the textured surface.

89.(New) A method according to claim 71, further comprises a step of heat treatment for leveling

an uneven portion of the body with the textured surface.